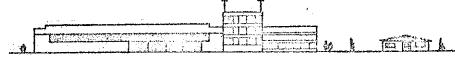
POTZER GMBH & CO. KG



D-5377 POST SCHMIDTHEIM, FLUGPLATZ DAHLEMER BINZ

'Telefon Schmidtheim (02447) 277/278, Telex 833602 spkg

Flight Manual

for the aircraft

rour er Re 5

Data Sheet No.: L - 695

Serial number: 5111

Year of construction: ________________

Registration: <u>G-AZCM</u>

Edition: 25 - 8 - 1969

Translation of the German Flight Manual

LBA - approved: May, 19, 1969

U.K. CERTIFICATION, LIMITATIONS

CATEGORY

This type of aeroplane is eligible for certification in the General

this will be stated in the Certificate of Airworthiness. be restricted to the Special Category and to Ine aeroplane may particular purpose and Purpose Category.

The aeroplane has no performance group classification. MINIMUM CREW

The minimum crew is one pilot

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS

The

total number of occupants shall not exceed two or exceed the number fitted. seate

speed for compliance with the regulations governing flight over air 9 The water is

FLIGHT OVER WATER SPEED

S P O R T A V I A - Pützer GmbH & Co., KG.

D - 5377 Post Schmidtheim Flugplatz Dahlemer Binz

Telefon: 02447 - 277 / 278

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F L I G H T MANUAL

for the aircraft

FOURNIER_RF5

Data Sheet N° : L - 695

Serial number : 5111

Edition: 25 - 8 - 1969

Year of construction: 1972
Registration: 6-976M

Translation of the German Flight Manual

LBA - approved: May, 19, 1969

This manual shall be kept on board the aircraft

FOURNIER RF5 Flight Manual

2

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Appendix: 1: Weight and Balance

2: Loading Charts

3: T.O. Distance

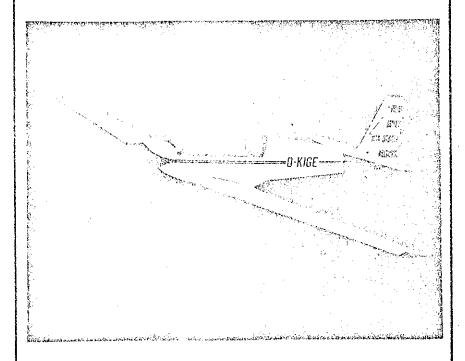
FOURNIER RF5 Flight Manual

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1.2 Revision

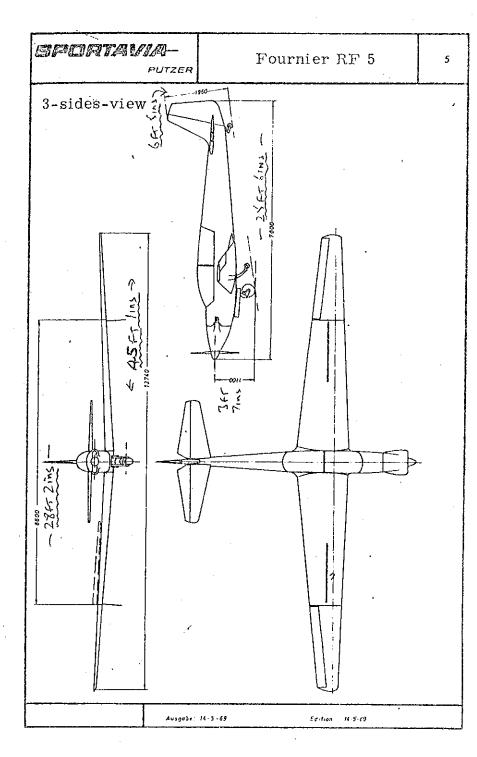
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1.3. Photograph



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Ausgabe: 14 - 5 - 69



2. Operating Limitations

2.1 Basis of Certification

The FOURNIER RF5 is certified on the basis of the "Vorläufige Richtlinien für die Prüfung und Zulassung von Motorseglern" (LBA - Mitteilung 10.05, edition January 8, 1959 inci. amendments from April 14, 1967) in connection with Airworthiness Requirements for Gliders (LFS, Edition February 1966 incl. amendments from May 25, 1966 and August 7, 1967).

Category: Normal Powered Glider incl. simple aerobatic manoeuvres (see 2.7)

2.2 Speed Limits

V _{NE} - never exceed speed	250	km/h	(155 mph	}
V _{NO} - normal operating speed	210	km/h	(130 mph)
V - Manoeuvring speed	200	km/h	(125 mph)
V _{FE} - max. spoiler extended speed	180	km/h	(112 mph)
V - max. landing gear extended speed	250	km/h	(155 mph)
V _{LO} - max. landing gear operating speed	130	km/h	(81 mph)
V _{SO} - stalling speed spoiler extended	83	km/h	(52 mph)
V _{S1} - stalling speed spoiler retracted	78	km/h	(48 mph)
O1 .					

Markings on A.S.I.

```
      Red line
      ( max. speed )
      250 km/h( 155 mph )

      Yellow are
      ( caution range )
      210..250 km/h(130..155 mph )

      Green are
      ( normal operating range )
      80..210 km/h( 50..130 mph )

      White are
      ( spoiler extended range )
      85..180 km/h( 53..112 mph )
```

Stall warning (red lamp) starts about 10 km/h (6 mph) before reaching stall.

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Engine Limits

Engine rpm (in flight)

max. rpm (red line) 3600 rpm 3200 caution range (yellow arc) 3400 3600 rpm normal operating

range (green arc) 700 3400 rpm 3200

Ground run

with propeller HO 11 - 143 B 70 L 3100 rpm ± 100 with propeller HO 11 - 145 B 80 L 2800 rpm + 100

Oil temperature

120°C max. oil temperature (red line) 1100 C , normal operating range. (green arc) 60...120° c caution range (yellow arc) 50... 60° c

Oil pressure

operating range (green arc, limited by red lines)

2.0...4.0 kp/cm²

2.4 Crew

2 persons min. crew 1 person

Important

For single crew operation the pilot must occupy, the front seat.

2.5 Weight

max. permissible T.O. weight 650 kp (1435 lbs) empty weight (standard equipment) about 420 kp (925 1bs) payload about 230 kp (510 lbs)

Payload consists of fuel (max. 42 kp 2 92.5 lbs), baggage (max. 20 kp 4 44 lbs) and crew. = 374/b1.

Bearbelteri Küppers' Edition: 25 - 8 - 69

2.6 C.G. range in flight

aircraft position horizontal : Upper stringer of fuselage (cockpit frame) horizontal

datum.

: 200 cm ($6.56~\rm{ft}$) in front of leading edge at wing section 110 cm ($4.33~\rm{ft}$

from centre line of the aircraft.

max. forward c.g.

: 231.3 cm (7.59 ft) aft datum

max. aft c.g.

: 251.3 cm (8.24 ft) aft datum

Loading

Wrong loading may spoil flying qualities and performance and cause dangerous manoeuvres. The pilot shall take special regard to correct loading.

The empty weight and its c.g. position shows little difference in serial production, but can differ more with additional equipment (radio, navigation aids, oxygen etc.)

In order to obtain the correct c.g. in flight one should know each item weight and its distance to datum. Multiplying item weight with its distance to datum the moment is found. Summary of moments divided by the total weight results in the c.g. position of the loading in question.

In order to simplify this calculation one can use the loading charts in Appendix 2.

The following example may show how to proceed:

1. Take empty weight and its moment from weight and balance sheet (Appendix 1) example: empty weight 423.9 kp

its moment

1000.828,mkp



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Flight Manual

Take from loading charts 1 and 2 (Appendix 2) for each part of the payload the moment concerned:

example:

•			
fuel max. ($60.1 \times 0.7 \text{ kp/l}$)	42.0	kp	93.2 mkp
front pilot	80.0	kp	177.0 mkp
front parachute	9.0	$\mathbf{k}\mathbf{p}$	22.6 mkp
aft pilot	81.5	kp	272.0 mkp
aft parachute	9.0	kp	32.3 mkp
baggage	4.0	kp	16.0 mkp
	225.5	kn	613.1 mlcn

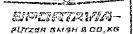
 Sum up the summary of the partial loads and moments with the empty weight and its moment and you have total weight and its moment.

With these figures you enter chart 3 (Appendix 2) and you will see if you are within the permissible range or not.

In the case of the total weight moment being out of the permissible range the payloads distribution must be changed or ballast (e.g. sand- or lead cushion) must be used. When total weight moment is out of the forward limit you should put ballast into the aft seat or into the baggage compartement. When total weight moment is out of the aft limit you should put ballast into the front seat or remove baggage out of its compartment. In any case with the new partial load the same check must be done as before, in order now to be within the permissible range of moment, which means to be within the permissible c.g. range. Be careful not to exceed the weight limits (max. T.O. weight, max. baggage).

Our example results in:

partial loads	225.5 kp	613.1	mkp
empty weight	423.9 kp	1000.828	mkp
total weight	649.4 kp	1613.928	mkp



Checking in chart 3 you may state that

- (a) we are very close to the limit for the max. T.O. weight
- (b) we are within the permissible range for the total weights moment, whereby the payload and its distribution is o.k.

Manoeuvres 2.7

The following aerobatic manocuvres and combinations are permitted (in brackets recommended entry speed):

	power flight engine stopped
loop	(190 km/h; 118 mph) (200 km/h; 124 mph)
stall turn	(190 km/h; 118 mph) (200 km/h; 124 mph)
lazy eight	(180 km/h; 112 mph) (180 km/h; 112 mph)
chandelle	(180 km/h; 112 mph) (180 km/h; 112 mph)
spin	(reduce speed slowly)

Prohibited are manoguvres with negative load factors and flick manoeuvres.

2.8 Operating

The aircraft may be operated for VFR - flights at day with following minimum equipment:

- 1 oil temperature indicator 2 airspeed indicators
- 1 fuel storage indicator . 2 altimeters
- 2 safety harnesses 1 rpm indicator 2 back cushions

Flights under IFR - and/ or icing conditions are not permitted.

oil pressure indicator

FOURNIER

Flight Manual

Operating Procedures

3.1 Normal Procedures

Ground Check 3.1.1

Remove cowling, check oil and fuel storage:

oil : min. 1.25 1 (0.275 Gal. Imp.)

> max. 2.50 1 (0.550 GaI. Imp.)

fuel: min. 10.00 l (2.2 Gal. Imp.)

max. 63.00 1 (13.8 Gal. Imp.)

rest quantity 3.0 1 (0.66 Gal. Imp.)

The refuel has to be done through the opening of the left wing tank.

This tank is connected with the right tank by a pipe.

The contact of the electrical fuel storage indicator is placed at the right tank.

During refilling procedure please pay attention that the right wing is on horizontal level 'respectively on the right outrigger. Don't refill to fast and spend some time for overflowing from the left to the right tank.

With high temperatures keep the fuel level about 2 cm (0.5 inch) free from top of the opening.

Drain filter by pushing drain button. Ensure drain valve is closed after draining.

With all checks look for cracks, deformations, signs of oxydation, unfastened screws, lost safety pins etc.

Tail unit : overall condition - check joint - control cables - trim tab - cowling - tail wheel shock absorber - connecting springs.

Right wing : overall condition - spoiler - aileron outrigger - stall warning - locking device cowling \ '

: oil leakage - prop' connection - controls -Engine battery - cowling

: overall condition - spoiler - aileron - outrig-Left wing ger - pitot tube - locking device - cowling

BPCIRTAVIA-РИТХЕН ӨМӨН В СО,КО

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: overall condition - tyre (cracks, pressure, Main gear

skid marks) - shock absorber - retracting

device - undercarriage doors.

; surface free from cracks and damage. Fuselage

: clean - cracks - check normal and emergency Canopy

release

: cracks - fastenings Cowlings

: clean - safety harnesses - brake - controls Cabin

freely movable - seats - cushions - baggage

compartment

Aircraft must not be kept outside the hangar Caution:

with wings folded. After roll out of the hangar

immediately unfold the wings and lock !

3.1.2 Preflight Check

Check oil and fuel storage. Ground check having been carried out (3.1.1) ?

3.1.3 Before Starting Engine

adjust and lock safety belts

on brake

off radio on

fuel cock fully moveable and dree in

controls correct sense

check and lock spoiler

on master switch

operating elektric indicators

3.1.4 Starting Engine

pull out choke

2 cm (3/4 inch) open throttle

on (check aft panel "on" also) ignition

pull starter

Release starter when engine fires and push choke in.

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3.1.5 Warming Engine

The SL 1700 E - engine is derived from an automobile engine, warming up only for a short time is necessary:

- 5 minutes in winter time
- time for taxying or 2 minutes with 1000 ... 1500 rpm in summer time.

Oil temperature indication is very sluggish, minimum indication shall be 50° C.

3.1.6 Taxving

brake release (handgrip horizontal)

taxy control by rudder through conjugated tail wheel

Taxy slowly, try to keep the wing horinzontal in order to save the outriggers. Avoid sharp turns.

3.1.7 Before Take - off

run up the engine see 2.3
throttle freely moveable
spoiler locked
canopy locked
trim

trim adjusted warning lights checked

brake fully released

3.1.8 Take - off and Climb

Open throttle gently and accelerate up to 90 km/h (56 mph) for unstick.

Climb with 110 km/h (68 mph) and retract landing gear.

Extremely long climb shall be done with 130 km/h (81 mph) for more effective cooling. In case of oil temperature approaching the red line reduce power to cruise setting for some minutes.

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3.1. 9 Retract Gear

safety lock gear lever

unlock and pull back

pull back and push down into retrac-

ted position

safety lock

check return to locked position

Caution ! Don't forget first to unlock the safety lock before pulling the gear lever !

The gear device locks automatically, when the gear lever is pushed into the retracted position. Green control light is off when gear is retracted.

3.1.10 Stopping and Restarting Engine in Flight

Throttle into idling position, reduce speed to about 100 km/h (62 mph) switch off ignition. At higher speeds the prop is windmilling for some time ignition "off". After the prop stops opening the throttle wide will cut out undercarriage warning horn and also assist in preventing the prop from windmilling. Restarting the engine same procedure as on the ground. Choke may be kept "off" when the engine is warm.

3.1.11 Descent

- steep descent: extend gear, throttle closed with 100 ... 150 km/h (62 ... 93 mph) extend spoilers.
- normal descent: gear retracted, reduce power just before gear warning operates, trim for 110 km/h (68 mph)

Note: Descent with 110 km/h (68 mph) is more effective by steep turns, but watch oil temperature. With extremely long descent at special atmospheric conditions carburetor icing can occur. In such cases one should increase power from time to time to warm up the engine.

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3.1.12 Extend Gear

Reduce speed to 130 km/h (81 mph)

safety lock gear lever

unlock and pull back push forward into extended

safety lock

check return to locked position

Adopt and always use a standard procedure. Extend the gear before "finals". Down wind leg is recommended. Gear warning (yellow lamp and horn) operates, when throttle is reduced into idle (closed) position. Green lamp lights when gear is extended and locked.

position

3.1.13 Approach

- optimal approach speed
 - smooth air: 100 km/h (62 mph) spoilers retracted 110 km/h (68 mph) spoilers extended

rough air: 10 km/h (6 mph) faster

- use of spoilers; to increase the rate of descent. They
 are easy to operate without any pitching
 moments or other difficulties. Keep
 the lever in your hand!
- failed landing: retract and lock spoiler, apply full throttle, maintain climbing speed 110 km/h (68 mph)

3.1.14 Landing

Landing is of usual ", three pointer ".kind, in this case only of two pointer !

Reduce speed down to stall, and with stick fully back tail and main wheel should touch down simultaneously.

Wheel brake must be operated with caution !

Stop engine by switching ignition " off ". Master switch "off " also. ...



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3.1.15 Special manoeuvres

Stall

In a static approach to the stall the red lamp lights at about 90 km/h (56 mph). With dynamic stalls or in steep turn it operates at higher speeds.

The full stall is reached at about 73 km/h (46 mph), mostly without marked aerodynamic warning. Sometimes there is some buffeting.

Aileron and rudder remain effective. Recovery by moving stick forward. Loss of altitude is small.

Spin

- first method: stall the aircraft by gently moving stick backward. Apply rudder in the direction required to spin. The first rotation is smooth, it accelerates when spin stabilises.
- second method: stall the aircraft dynamically and cross controls, i.e. aileron and rudder in opposite directions. This method endures a true spin without excessive speed being reached during recovery.
- recovery:
- apply opposite rudder
- ease stick forward
- centralize rudders as the spinning stops
- ease out of dive

Guard against excessive speed and accelerations during recovery. Don't cease too fast.

Loop

Recommended entry speed 190 km/h (118 mph) in powered flight and 200 km/h (124 mph) with engine stopped. Dive up to entry speed, apply progressive backward pressure,

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in the headover position relax backward pressure and ease out of dive.

Stall turn

Recommended entry speed 190 km/h (118 mph) in powered flight and 200 km/h (124 mph) with engine stopped. Apply rudder in an early stage when engine is stopped.

Lazy Eight

Recommended entry speed generally 180 km/h (112 mph) At the top of the manoeuvre your speed should not be less than 100 km/h (62 mph).

Chandelle

Recommended entry speed 180 km/h (112 mph). With stopped engine bank early, because you have to finish the 180° before your speed is down. At the top of the manoeuvre and after 180° your speed should not be less than 100 km/h (62 mph).

18

Emergency Procedures

stick

РИТХИЯ ВМВН & СО,КВ

3.2.1 Engine failure during take - off

- runway length sufficient:

off fuel cock ort ignition extend spoilers operate brake full backward

- runway length too short:

same procedure, eventually retract landing gear to avoid obstacles.

Engine failure after take - off 3.2.2

off fuel cock off ignition make a glider landing

Engine failure in flight 3.2.3 same, procedure as before

3.2.4 Fire in engine compartment

off cabin heat off fuel cock full power throttle off, when engine has stopped

ignition

Landing gear extension failure 3.2.5

Gear operation is mechanical, so there is little chance of failure, except by mishandling (e.g. trying to extend gear without first unlocking and thus damaging the control lever). in such a case unlock the locking lever and apply positive " g ", if necessary several times, until the gear is heard to engage down and the green lamp is lit. Stop engine before landing.



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3.2.6 Forced Landing

Generally (except on very bad ground), landing gear and spoiler are to be extended.

On very bad ground, rough or marchy, keep landing gear retracted and make a very gentle landing.

If there is any doubt about the ground conditions extend the gear, but be prepared to retract the gear immediately - even just before touch down - when ground looks bad, and " belly " on.

On water keep gear retracted. Touch - down in nearly stalled condition, stick right back.

Experience shows that the aircraft suffers little damage from a belly landing when engine has been stopped prior to the landing.

4. Performances

The performances given below are based on T.O. weight of 650 kp (1430 lbs), no wind and dry grass runway.

4.1 Take - off distance

sea - level, temperature + 15° C (see Appendix 3)

distance of ground run 216 m (710 ft

distance to 15 m (50 ft)obstacle 522 m (1700 ft

take - off speed 90 km/h (56 mph)

speed at passing 15 m (50 ft).

obstacle , 110 km/h (68 mph)

4.2 Landing distance

sea - level, temperature + 15° C'

distance of ground run 200 m (650 ft

distance from passing 15 m

(50 ft) obstacle (420 m (1380 ft

approach speed (spoiler extended) 110 km/h (68 mph)

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mph)

mph)

mph

) mph

3 m/s (9.85 ft/s)

2,2 m/s (7.2 ft/s)

110 km/h (68

110 km/h (68

78 km/h (48

83 km/h (52

consumption

4.3 Climbing speed

sea - level, temperature + 150 C

climbing speed (gear and spoilers retracted } optimum airspeed

4.4 Climbing speed (failed landing)

sea - level, temperature 15° C

climbing speed (gear extended, spoiler retracted)

optimum airspeed

4.5 Stall stalling speed (gear and spoiler

retracted) stalling speed (gear and spoiler extended)

4.6 Operating range

760 100 At cruising speed 175 km/h (110 mph) and 1500 m (5000 ft) altitude the operating range is 700 km (435 st. M) with 20 min. reserve.

4.7 Fuel Consumption

At 1500 m (5000 ft) altitude there is a fuel consumption οſ

rpm speed 14 1/h (3.08 Gall./h) 175 km/h (110 mph) 3400 12 1/h (2.64 Gall./h)

160 km/h (100 mph) 3200 10 1/h (2.20 Gall./h) 140 km/h (87 mph) 2800

SPORTAVIA-

Special Operations

5.1. Gliding

The following can be practised:

- . basic training
 - advanced training: i.g. exact approach and spot landing,
 emergency landing, navigational training, limit manoeuvres, aerobatics
 - soaring

At economic cruise fly to the lift region, reduce power up to 1800 rpm. When lift is strong enough stop engine and circle at about 90 km/h (56 mph). The minimum sink is 1.35 m/s (4.5 ft/s) and the best glide ratio 1:20 at 100 km/h (62 mph).

5.2 Landing with engine stopped

Approach with a good altitude and use spoilers when necessary. Gear warning (yellow control light and horn) operates when spoilers are extended and the gear is still retracted.

	Gross weight	Tare weight	Net weight	Leverarm (m)	moment (mkp)
n front					
ack-				_	

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Take off distance

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At maximum allowable weight of 1435/lbs, no wind and short, dry gras runway there are following ground runs an take off distances for different airfield altitudes and temperatures:

Altitude ft over	ground at tem		in fi ures of	. 1	take off distances over 50 ft in ft at temperatures
sealevel	-15°C	o°c.	+15°C	+30°C	-15°C 0°C +15°C +30°C
0	635	670	213m 710	745	5/3m 1535 1630 1710 1800
660	650	690	720	760	1570 1660 1740 1840
1320	665	700	745	780	1610 1700 1795 1890
1980	675	715	750	790°	1640 1710 1840 1930
2640	695 •	740	780 235५	820 250m	1680 1785 1880 1980 565m 600m

These values are based on a good maintenance of the aircraft and a normal flight experience of the pilot.